# POSTER ID 61: PRIMARY CUTANEOUS PLASMABLASTIC LYMPHOMA IN A CASE OF HIV-A RARE TUMOUR DR SHWETA PATIL, DR HARI PATHAVE, DR CHITRA NAYAK TNMC &BYL NAIR HOSPITAL

### A 38 year old HIV infected female

- > Rapidly enlarging, occasionally painful, single white to pinkish, firm, non tender, 5 x 6 cm mass with smooth surface on the fourchette extending upto gluteal cleft, with pus discharge and foul smell since 1 month
- Associated with difficulty in defecation and discomfort, loss of weight and appetite.
- On TLE regimen since 5 years, irregular
- Right inguinal lymph nodes palpable- multiple, discrete, firm, non tender, largest being 1.5 x 2 cm



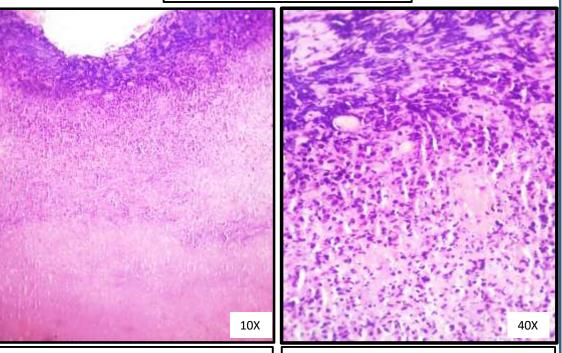


## **INVESTIGATIONS**

- Hb- 9.6 gm/dl
- WBC count-1500
- Platelet count- 291000
- CD4-17
- HIV Viral Load-5,61,970 copies/ml

	IMMUNOHISTOCHEMISTRY	
	MUM-1,CD38, PAX-5	+
	CD20, CD30, EBER	+
	CD3, ALK 1, CD 138	-
	Mib Proliferation Index	90 %

### HISTOPATHOLOGY



**Dense lymphocytic infiltrate** in upper dermis with areas of caseation necrosis

Multiple atypical lymphocytes

# FINAL DIAGNOSIS-PRIMARY CUTANEOUS PLASMABLASTIC LYMPHOMA IN A KNOWN CASE OF HIV

### **TREATMENT**

Wide local excision with chemotherapy with Cyclophosphamide + Bortezomib + Vinblastine + **Etoposide** + **Methotrexate** 

#### DISCUSSION

- 1. Non Hodgkins type B cell lymphoma regarded as a distinct type of diffuse large B cell lymphoma, usually seen in immunocompromised patients.
- 2. It shows positivity for at least one plasma cell marker-CD 38, CD 138 or MUM1.
- 3. It is an extremely rare tumour with only 12 cases of primary cutaneous plasmablastic lymphoma reported till date.

#### **CONCLUSION**

- 1. The diagnosis of this unusual lymphoma that is negative for B and T cell markers as well as CD 45, and positive for markers of plasmacytic differentiation, is a challenge for both, the dermatologist and the pathologist.
- 2. Poor prognosis, it is imperative to ensure prompt diagnosis through accurate use of immunohistochemistry and early initiation of treatment of patients with this rare tumour.

References- 1. Marques SA, Abbade LPF, Guiotoku MM et al. Primary cutaneous plasmablastic lymphoma disclosing an unknown HIV-infection. An Bras Dermatol. 2016;91:507-9.

- 2. Harmon Charles, Smith Lauren et al. Plasmablastic lymphoma- a review of clinicopathologic features and differential diagnosis. Arch Pathol Lab Med. 2016;140:1074–1078.
- 3. Behera B, Kumari R, Chandrashekar L et al. Primary cutaneous plasmablastic lymphoma presenting as perineal ulcero-proliferative growth in a human immunodeficiency virus-seropositive patient. Indian JDermatol Venereol Leprol 2017;83:83-6.

# **DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSES-**

- **Buschke Lowenstein tumour**
- Squamous cell carcinoma